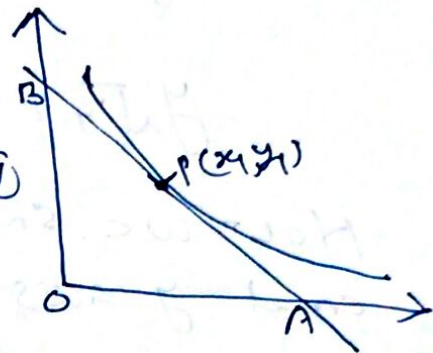


Exp. Show that the sum of the intercepts of the tangent to $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = \sqrt{a}$ upon the co-ordinate axes is constant.

Sol. Let $P(x_1, y_1)$ be any point on the curve $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = \sqrt{a}$

$\therefore$ Then the Equation of the tangent at $P(x_1, y_1)$ will be

$$y - y_1 = \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right)_{\substack{x=x_1 \\ y=y_1}} (x - x_1) \quad \text{--- (1)}$$



Given curve

$$\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = \sqrt{a}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{y}} \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{y}} \frac{dy}{dx} = - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = - \frac{\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right)_{\substack{x=x_1 \\ y=y_1}} = - \frac{\sqrt{y_1}}{\sqrt{x_1}}$$

Putting in (1) we get-

$$y - y_1 = - \frac{\sqrt{y_1}}{\sqrt{x_1}} (x - x_1)$$

$$y \cdot \sqrt{x_1} - y_1 \cdot \sqrt{x_1} = - \sqrt{y_1} \cdot x + \sqrt{y_1} \cdot x_1$$

$$y \cdot \sqrt{x_1} + x \cdot \sqrt{y_1} = y_1 \cdot \sqrt{x_1} + \sqrt{y_1} \cdot x_1$$